Mishkan T'filah

Friday night service basic structure

KABBALAT SHABBAT

1. Candle lighting (page 120)

2. Kiddish (page 123) At End

----PANIM -120 to 129)

3. Psalms (page 131 - 141)

4. L'cha Dodi (page 138)

4. Chatzi Kaddish (page 144)

5. Bar'chu (page 146)
6. Ma'ariv Aravim (page 148)
7. SHEMA (page 152)
8. V' a havta (page 154)
9. Mi Chamocha (page 158)
10. Hashkivenu (page 160)

11 V'shamru (page 162)

THE AMIDAH

T'Filah	(page 164)
12 Avot v'lmahot	(page 166)
13. G'vurot	(page 168)
14. Kedushat HaShem	(page 170)

15. Kedusha Hayom (page 172) 15 Avodah (page 174) 16. Hoda'ah (page 176) 17. Birkat Shalom (page 178) ELOHAI (page 180)

Mi Sherveirach (page 372)

Aleinu (page 586 second paragraph)

Page 589)

Kaddish (page 598)

Notes:

Shabbat evening 1 page 144 Shabbat evening 2 page 263

The Hebrew noun פנים (pānīm, pronounced pa-NEEM), which is technically the plural form of פנים (pāneh)—a form that doesn't appear in the Hebrew Bible, as only the plural form פנים (pānīm) is used—means "face." The semantic use of פנים (pānīm) is broad.

Mishkan T'filah

- Half Kaddish (Chatzi Kaddish) This is just the first and main part of the Kaddish
- 2. Full Kaddish (Kaddish Shalem)
- 3. Mourner's Kaddish (Kaddish Yatom)
- 4. Rabbi's Kaddish (Kaddish D'rabbanan)

Kiddush

Kiddush is recited while holding a cup of wine or other liquid, no less than 3.3 ounces. If wine or grape juice is not used, you should substitute she-ha-kol niyeh bidvaro (by whose will all things come to be) for borei p'riy ha-gafen (who creates the fruit of the vine).

HaMotzi

Immediately after washing hands and before eating, the head of the household should remove the cover from the two challah loaves, lifting them while reciting the following blessing. The challah is then ripped into pieces or sliced and passed around the table, so that each person may have a piece. The family meal may then begin.

The Book of Psalms is an ancient anthology of poetic prayers originally written in Hebrew. It is the first book of the third and final section of the Hebrew Bible, known as Ketuvim (Writings). The English term title derives from the Greek *psalmos*, meaning "song accompanied by a stringed instrument." In Hebrew, the book is known as Tehillim (*tehillah* in the singular) or "songs of praise," a title that emerged as the preferred Jewish name for the collection during the first centuries of the Common Era (CE).